

# Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

*A Division of the*



## Comprehensive Community Plan

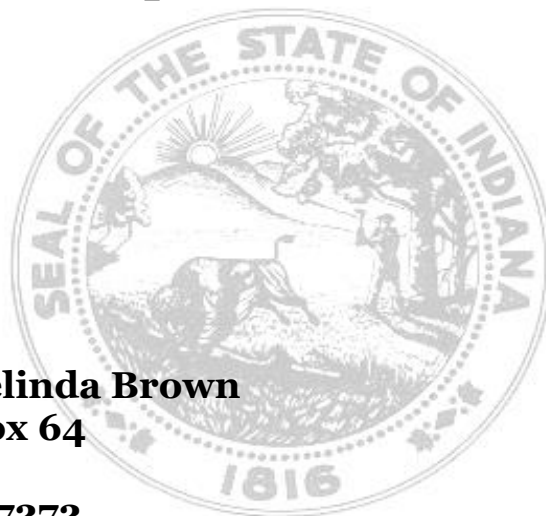
**County: Franklin**

**LCC: Stayin' Alive –Franklin County LCC**

**Date Due: February 2017**

**Date Submitted: February 28, 2017**

**New Plan            Plan Update            X**



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**County Commissioners: Franklin County Board of Commissioners**

**Address: 1010 Franklin Avenue**

**City: Brookville**

**Zip Code: 47012**

## Plan Summary

**Mission Statement:** To promote a Safer and Healthier community by reducing the problematic use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs in Franklin County.

**History:** Stayin' Alive is Franklin County's Local Coordinating Council through the Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana as adopted by the then Governor Evan Bayh in 1990. The Coalition since its inception has continued to grow into multiple sectors being represented at the table. The mission of Stayin' Alive is to promote a safer and healthier community by reducing the problematic use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs in Franklin County.

While the Coalition works on many substance abuse issues throughout the year, the main focus of Stayin' Alive continues to be to reduce the misuse and abuse of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs (ATOD) throughout the county. Additional concerns have been to educate the community members of the effects of using ATOD, including the correlation between ATOD use and criminal behavior. The LCC is also working to change the community norm that consuming alcohol is a necessary and normal part of social gatherings and community events. We also are striving to change the community norm that using alcohol is a normal everyday thing to do.

As a way to address underage drinking in the county, Stayin' Alive created a Youth Council, YouthQuake in 2005. The members range from 7-12th grades representing the public and parochial school district. These members are invited to join and serve as the leaders of tomorrow. They are active in training opportunities as well as being the voice to their peers about the dangers of ATOD and unhealthy behaviors. This council meets every two weeks independent of the school system on a volunteer basis. In 2015 YouthQuake was also started as a Club in the Franklin County High School and meets once a month during activity period.

Coalition members worked on gathering data from all aspects of the community to ensure the supporting data was strong and proved the issues we are focusing on are relevant to Franklin County. After much time was spent gathering and collecting all necessary information, the LCC coordinator compiled the information into the Comprehensive Community Plan. The plan was then reviewed and approved by the Local Coordinating Council membership base.

**Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan:** Each year the members of the LCC work as a team to form a plan of action in reducing misuse and abuse of ATOD for the upcoming year. We focus our plan on the needs of the community related to reducing substance abuse in Franklin County. This Comprehensive Community Plan will serve as Franklin County's plan for the next year with 3 yearly updates being submitted to show our accomplishments and areas of focus for the upcoming year.

This plan is the document that serves as the guide for the LCC for the next several years when distributing grants and funds to county agencies and organizations assisting in our endeavors. The county commissioners will continue to have final signature authority in the recommendations made by the coalition when County Drug-Free Communities Fund dollars

are being spent. The LCC will then monitor the progress of each funded program through quarterly written and verbal reports given at the monthly meetings that are held the fourth Thursday of each month.

These are the four identified problem statements in Franklin County:

- 1.) Community norms support casual, accepting and enabling attitudes toward misuse of alcohol.
- 2.) Substance misuse and abuse by visitors to the community continues to have a negative impact on the quality of life in Franklin County.
- 3.) There continues to be a need for additional treatment services and ongoing awareness of available treatment options and effectiveness of the treatment options in the community.
- 4.) There continues to be illegal drug use indicators in the community.

## Membership List

### County LCC Name:

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Blades, Bonnie	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Female	Health
2	Blades, Mark	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Male	Concerned Citizen
4	Brack, Bob	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Male	Concerned Citizen
5	Blessing, Cindy	Batesville Community School Corporation	Caucasian	Female	Education
6	Bond, Curtis	Brookville United Methodist Church	Caucasian	Male	Faith
7	Brown, Melinda	Stayin' Alive – Franklin Co. LCC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
8	Deters, Tom	Whitewater Valley Care Pavilion	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
9	Estridge, John	Whitewater Publications	Caucasian	Male	Media
10	O'Bryan, Bob	Area Plan Commission	Caucasian	Male	Government
11	Gergen, Jayme	Faith Community of Franklin County	Caucasian	Female	Faith
12	Konradi, Brenda	Systems of Care	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
13	Linkel, Kim	Coalition for a Drug Free Batesville	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
14	Murphy, Ken	Franklin County Sheriff	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
15	Murray, Holly	Chamber of Commerce	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
16	Lovins, Jason	Franklin County Sheriff's Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
17	Webb, Ladona	Faith Community of Franklin County	Caucasian	Female	Faith
18	Yorn, Jane	Safe Passage	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
19	Schiering, Angel	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Female	Treatment

20	Gutzwiller, Pam	Laurel Elementary and Jr. High School	Caucasian	Female	Education
21	Dr. Howell, Debbie	Franklin County School Corporation	Caucasian	Female	Education
22	Wilkerson, Tim	Brookville Police Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
23	Profitt, Alta	Citizen	Caucasian	Female	Education
24	Johnson, Amber	SIEOC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
25	Bender, Rick	Brookville Theatre	Caucasian	Male	Business
26	Gault, Melody	Franklin County Public Library	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
27	Taylor, Brenda	Head Start	Caucasian	Female	Education
28	Linkel, Jake	FCN Bank	Caucasian	Male	Business
29	Striegler, Emily	Community Mental Health Center	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
30	Goodpastor, Paula	SIEOC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
31	Riffle, Angie	Purdue Extension	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
32	Lustig, Erica	WIC	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
33	Lambert, Erin	Department of Child Services	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
34	Riley, Kathy	United Families	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
35	Deters, Kathie	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Female	Concerned Citizen
36	Blades, Nikki	Daycare	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
37	Stevens, Gentry	Recovery Advocate	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
38	Brown, Alexis	YouthQuake Club	Caucasian	Female	Youth
39	Applegate, Meg	Margaret Mary Health	Caucasian	Female	Health
40	Batta, Tori	Safe Passage	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
41	Beneker, Lisa	Laurel Elementary and Jr. High School	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
42	Mortashed, Wayne	Parent/Citizen	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
43	McCarty, Kari	New Horizons	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
44	Bulmer, Kelly	United Way	Caucasian	Female	Civic
45	Mustaine, Sara	Safe Passage	Caucasian	Female	Prevention
46	Hertel, Andy	Better Options	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
47	Tyrer, Paul	Southeastern Indiana Health Center	Caucasian	Male	Health

<b>48</b>	Erfman, Taylor	YouthQuake Club	Caucasian	Female	Youth
<b>49</b>	Blades, Paige	YouthQuake Club	Caucasian	Female	Youth
<b>50</b>	Allen, Trey	YouthQuake Club	Caucasian	Male	Youth
<b>51</b>	Shaver, Sara	YouthQuake Club	Caucasian	Female	Youth
<b>52</b>	Siebert, Kyle	Student Council	Caucasian	Male	Youth
<b>53</b>	Nobbe, Brian	Archery Club	Caucasian	Male	Youth
<b>54</b>	Short, Bobbi Jo	Community Mental Health Center	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
<b>55</b>	Sizemore, Joe	Franklin County Council	Caucasian	Male	Government

## Problem Identification

**A. Problem Statement #1:** Community norms support casual, accepting and enabling attitudes toward misuse of alcohol.

### B. Supportive Data:

1. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2015 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation parental disapproval toward regular alcohol (Answering Wrong or Very Wrong) was 6th grade: 93.8%, 7th grade: 89.8%, 8th grade: 91.3%, 9th grade: 92.6%, 10th grade: 87.7%, 11th grade: 76.1% & 12th grade: 77.6%.
2. According to the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, 12.6 was the average age reported for first use of alcohol.
3. According to the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation reported 6th (4.0%; state: 3.9%), 7th (13.6%; state: 7.7%), 8th (17.0%; state: 13.3%), 11th (35.6%; state: 28.1%) and 12th (36.2%; state: 33.2%) reported using alcohol in the last 30 days at rates higher than the state average while the other grades reported usage at or below state average.
4. Students taking the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey reported binge drinking in the two weeks prior to taking the survey at the following rates. Batesville Community School Corporation, students in grades 7th (6.0%; state: 2.7%), 8th (8.1%; state: 5.4%), 11th (14.9%; state: 12.7%) and 12th (23.5%; state: 16.7%) reported binge drinking in the past two weeks at rates higher than the state average while all other grades reported at or below. (6th Grade is no longer surveyed on binge drinking).
5. According to the 2015 data received from the Indiana State Excise Police, Franklin County has 45 active alcohol permits.
6. According to the 2015 SEL3CT (South Eastern Local Community Coalitions Collaborative Team) Community Survey, 82% of Franklin County respondents believe that drinking alcohol in moderation is all right for adults over 21.

### End of Year 1 Update:

1. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2016 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation parental disapproval toward regular (at least once or twice a month) alcohol (Answering Wrong or Very Wrong) was 6th grade: 85%, 7th grade: 95.3%, 8th grade: 94.8%, 9th grade: 91.9%, 10th grade: 89.1%, 11th grade: 84.7% & 12th grade: 72.9%.
2. According to the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, 12.6 was the average age reported for first use of alcohol.
3. According to the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation, students reported

using alcohol in the last 30 days as follows: 6th: 12.9%, 7th: 6.2%, 8th: 10.1%, 9th: 18.5%, 10th: 20.7%, 11th: 14.4% and 12th: 43.8%.

4. Students taking the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey reported binge drinking in the two weeks prior to taking the survey at the following rates: 7th: 2.8%, 8th: 4.7%, 9th: 8.3%, 10th: 10.8%, 11th: 6.6% and 12th: 25.7% (6th Grade is no longer surveyed on binge drinking).
5. According to the 2016 data received from the Indiana State Excise Police, Franklin County has 44 active alcohol permits.
6. According to the 2015 SEL3CT (South Eastern Local Community Coalitions Collaborative Team) Community Survey, 82% of Franklin County respondents believe that drinking alcohol in moderation is all right for adults over 21. No SEL3CT surveys were conducted in 2016, so there is no new data to report.

### End of Year 2 Update:

- 1.

### Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.

### C. Goals:

1. **Over the next three years, by changing community norms through media awareness, there will continue to be a decrease among 6-12<sup>th</sup> graders in youth alcohol acceptance and use according to the trending data provided by the Indiana Prevention Resource Center Student Drug Use Survey and treatment data.**

### End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2016 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation parental disapproval toward alcoholic drinks **every day** (Answering Wrong or Very Wrong) was 6th grade: 88.6%, 7th grade: 93.2%, 8th grade: 93.4%, 9th grade: 95.7%, 10th grade: 93.3%, 11th grade: 90.9%, & 12th grade: 94%. According to the Indiana Prevention Resource Center, 2016 Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation parental disapproval toward regular (at least once or twice a month) alcohol (Answering Wrong or Very Wrong) was 6th grade: 85%, 7th grade: 95.3%, 8th grade: 94.8%, 9th grade: 91.9%, 10th grade: 89.1%, 11th grade: 84.7% & 12th grade: 72.9%.
- 2.

### End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1.

### Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.



**D. Objectives:**

1. Promote alcohol-free activities in conjunction with community organizations.
2. Educate parents and youth on alcohol risk, availability and prevention.
3. Provide alcohol education to those inmates in the Franklin County Security Center.
4. Support the development and implementation of evidence-supported interventions in Franklin County.
5. Continue social marketing campaign promoting healthy norms around alcohol use.
6. Implement Parents Who Host, Lose the Most campaign.
7. Encourage Server Intervention training for all community festival volunteers.
8. Recognize compliant alcohol retailers.
9. Continue to support YouthQuake in their efforts to implement strategies addressing underage drinking.
10. Coordinate efforts to raise awareness of the collateral damage alcohol plays in the occurrences of social problems.
11. Continue funding of law enforcement efforts to reduce the occurrences of alcohol misuse.
12. Facilitate community dialogue to educate the citizens on responsible use versus misuse of alcohol.
13. Continue to encourage and support the school systems to administer student alcohol and drug use survey.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. The promotion of alcohol-free activities in conjunction with community organizations was accomplished through booth participation at Stayin' Alive's Annual Family Fun Day; National Night Out which was held in a new location again this year; Franklin County High School After-Prom; Tailgate Safe and Sober for Recovery during Recovery Month; partnership with United Way and Fayette Regional Healthplex to host the Family Health Fair; Franklin County 4-H Fair; providing funding to the Franklin County Archery Club who placed 5<sup>th</sup> in the state competition; providing funding to the Choices program to host alternative activities in the Batesville Community throughout the year; providing funding to YouthQuake Club to host alcohol and drug free alternative and prevention activities.
2. Educate parents and youth on substance abuse prevention through Parents Who Host, Lose the Most; National Night Out; the Family Health Fair; Great American Smokeout; National Drug Facts Week; Kick Butts Day; Town Hall Meeting; National Distracted Driving Awareness Month; National Prevention Week; Hidden in Plain Sight; Drug and Alcohol Awareness Event; Parent Informational Meeting; Parent Information Night; Youth Worker Café; promotion of CASA Family Day; booth participation at community events; the Parent Pledge implemented in the Batesville Community School Corporation through the Choices program; the Parent Pledge implemented in the Franklin County High School; speakers that Batesville Choices has provided on various risks topics to educate parents and youth; the fatal vision goggles presentation by the Franklin County High School Resource Officer with the high school health classes during Alcohol Awareness Month; support of the parent gatherings through United Families; and four mini-grants that were awarded to the schools for implementation of

Red Ribbon Week through the partnership with Margaret Mary Health. Also, through the partnership with Margaret Mary Health marijuana education is being offered to 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> grade students at Mt. Carmel, Laurel and Brookville Middle School; partnering with Margaret Mary Health to distribute family drug test kits in the school and at various community locations; placing Indiana Lifeline Law yard signs at the schools and sheriff's department.

3. The Franklin County Security Center provided weekly Alcoholics Anonymous meetings and Narcotics Anonymous meetings to all inmates.
4. The LCC continues to support the development and implementation of evidence-supported interventions through Community Mental Health Center who provides an evidence-based curriculum of care to those children and families in Franklin County, specifically, WRAP (wraparound services). The Incredible Years is a series of interlocking, evidence-based programs for parents, children, and teachers, supported by over 30 years of research that is provided by One Community One Family. Through the LCC, the Community Mental Health Center trained their staff in Truthought which is a proven prevention and intervention program that can be continued to be used. Additionally Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous are offered in the Franklin County Security Center for both the male and female populations as well as in the community. On-going support of Safe Passage who has adopted the 40 Developmental Assets, introducing Endless Possibilities and implemented Coaching Boys into Men as character building and development programs. In addition, the LCC implemented Get Real About Tobacco in the Batesville Community School Corporation and the Franklin County School Corporation. The LCC also implemented BOUNCE in the Franklin County Community School Corporation sixth grades classrooms.
5. Continue social marketing campaign promoting healthy norms around substance abuse through by continuing to promote CASA Family Day through media outlets to encourage healthy family practices to reduce the likelihood of risky behaviors with alcohol consumption; continue the LCC sponsored alcohol educational events and presentations during National Recovery Month; continue the Parents Who Host, Lose the Most campaign; continue promoting Alcohol Awareness Month; continue with advertisements in the two local newspapers; continue messaging through the LCCs social media outlets including Facebook and website; implementation of the Indiana Lifeline Law marketing campaign.
6. Promoting Parents Who Host, Lose the Most through the partnership with the Franklin County High School Student Council and the Franklin County Sheriff's Department during graduation by delivering onsite print messages as well as through banners and yard signs at the high school and in front of the Franklin County Sheriff's Department. Also, promoting the Parents Who Host, Lose the Most through Senior Awards Night at the Franklin County High School; supporting the Parent Pledge through the partnership with the Batesville Community School Corporation Choices program and the Franklin County Community School Corporation.
7. Local distributors continue to review and change policies as needed for one day personally hosted events that now require a permit. The Franklin County Sheriff's Department continues to offer assistance to anyone getting their Temporary Beer Permit and works with the community festival planners on responsible beverage server intervention and tightening up their operation with the understanding law enforcement

- will intervene if a festival gets out of control. However, most community events do not require individual training to all of the volunteers, just the ones receiving the permit.
8. The LCC, with the assistance of the Indiana Criminal Justice Institute, will provide a letter and certificate for the alcohol retailers who passed the compliance checks through the Indiana State Excise Police when the reports are made available.
  9. YouthQuake continues to meet to continue the implementation of strategies addressing underage drinking including their daily contest during National Drug Facts Week, National Prevention Week, Red Ribbon Week, and participation at Family Fun Day with the fatal vision goggles. In addition, YouthQuake hosted a Dodgeball Tournament to give youth an alcohol free activity to participate in on the weekend.
  10. Supporting recovery advocates in their efforts of reducing the stigma of addiction. Raising awareness of how alcohol plays a role in social problems at LCC meetings. Sponsoring a Drug Awareness Event with partnership through the faith community to host a drug and alcohol awareness event represent the impact addiction can have in people's lives, not only for the addict, but the family and entire community. Continuing to submit articles on the value of recovery for media outlets. Collaborating with providers to make the community more aware of treatment options including distribution of the Recovery Addiction Resource Guide. Partnering with Margaret Mary Health to distribute and provide prescription drug drop box postcards at the local pharmacies. Utilization of the fatal vision goggles with youth at Family Fun Day.
  11. The LCC funded the Franklin County Sheriff's Department for overtime patrol and drug enforcement investigations. From the beginning of the grant cycle in May through October of 2016, 26 arrests were made in 48 traffic stops on overtime patrol and 1 arrest was made through the drug enforcement investigations.
  12. The LCC continues to have regular discussions at their monthly meetings on responsible use versus misuse of alcohol and current drug trends. The LCC continues to promote that a responsible use message can be beneficial such as in community event planning. The LCC continues to submit press releases to the two print newspapers and one online newspaper with substance abuse messages as a way to educate the community on treatment and prevention of use and misuse of alcohol and other drugs. The two print local newspapers are the Batesville Herald Tribune with a distribution of over 7,500 and the Whitewater Publications with a distribution of over 6,300. The online newspaper, Franklin County Observer with a distribution of over 1,500.
  13. The Batesville Community School Corporation continues to take the Indiana Prevention Resource Center Student Drug Use Survey every spring while the Franklin County Community School Corporation continues to take the Indiana Prevention Resource Center Student Drug Use Survey every other spring. The next survey will be administered in the spring of 2017 in the Franklin County High School.

### End of Year 2 Update:

- 1.

### Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.

**A. Problem Statement #2:** Substance misuse and abuse by visitors to the community continues to have a negative impact on the quality of life in Franklin County.

**B. Supportive Data:**

1. In 2015, 38% of all admissions to the Franklin County Security Center were during the tourism season (June 1, 2015 - September 1, 2015) as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department. This is an increase of from 2014.
2. Occurrence of arrests were as follows: 203 arrests (January 1, 2015 – April 30, 2015); 347 arrests (May 1, 2015 – September 30, 2015); and 174 arrests (October 1, 2015 – December 31, 2015) as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department.
3. The Army Corp of Engineers estimated close to 1.6 million people visited the lake property in 2015.
4. In 2015 the total number of arrests reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department increased by 105 from 2014; it increased by 27 during prime tourism season (May 1, 2015 – September 30, 2015).

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. In 2016, 25% of all admissions to the Franklin County Security Center were during the tourism season (June 1, 2016 - September 1, 2016) as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department. This is a 13% decrease from 2015.
2. Occurrence of arrests were as follows: 229 arrests (January 1, 2016 – April 30, 2016); 335 arrests (May 1, 2016 – September 30, 2016); and 204 arrests (October 1, 2016 – December 31, 2016) as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department.
3. The Army Corp of Engineers estimated over 1.6 million people visited the lake property in 2016.
4. In 2016 the total number of arrests reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department increased by 31 from 2015; it decreased by 12 in 2016 during tourism season (May 1, 2016 – September 30, 2016).

**End of Year 2 Update:**

- 1.

**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

- 1.

**C. Goals:**

1. Reduce arrest rates during prime tourism season by 5% by 2019.

**End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:**

1. Number of arrests during Prime Tourism Season decreased in 2016 by 12. There were 347 arrests made in 2015 during that time period compared to 335 in 2016.

**End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:**

- 1.

**Final Report (end of Year 3):**

- 1.

**D. Objectives:**

1. Continue Social Marketing Campaign targeting tourism and underage drinking and other types of substance abuse through community partnerships.
2. Continue to collaborate with law enforcement agencies to address enforcement and social problems in the community.
3. Provide funding and support to law enforcement agencies to further their efforts in enforcement.
4. Facilitate informational sessions to build collaborative efforts within the community to address substance abuse and related problems by visitors.
5. Coordinate efforts within the community to promote responsible recreational activities.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. In partnership with the United Way of Franklin County and the LCC members who hosted a booth and collected signatures in support of tobacco-free environments to the over 1,000 people in attendance at the 100% smoke free Franklin County 4-H Fair. The LCC implemented the Indiana Lifeline Law via yard signs. The LCC also still has four permanent billboards standing promoting Aggressive Enforcement.
2. The LCC collaborated with the Blooming Grove Volunteer Fire Department and the Franklin County Sheriff's Department to host National Night Out to provide safety education to over 100 people who attended this event. Law Enforcement utilizes the use of over 10,000 Nixle subscribers to get messages out for community safety. The LCC also collaborated with law enforcement to host Hidden in Plain Sight at the Parent Information Meeting, Brookville Elementary School Carnival, and the Brookville Public Library for Women's Day of Health; The LCC partnered with law enforcement to promote Parents Who Host, Lose the Most and to host an Open House with guest speaker Master Trooper Chip Ayers on the impact of methamphetamine.
3. The LCC provided funding to the Franklin County Sheriff's Department for overtime patrol on roadways during peak times and drug enforcement investigations. From May through October of 2016, 26 arrests were made on overtime patrol.
4. The LCC facilitated informational sessions through guest speaker Master Trooper Chip Ayers on the impact of methamphetamine; providing information at the Franklin County 4-H Fair; and hosting a booth at the Homecoming Parade on Tailgate Safe and Sober.
5. The LCC provides floating keychains to the Department of Natural Resources and the Franklin County Sheriff's Department with a safe and sober message for positive enforcement while patrolling in and around the waterways. The LCC still has four of the five permanent free standing billboards of "Enjoy Franklin County Safe and

Sober” strategically placed in high traffic areas entering into the county. The LCC hosted National Night Out to area residents as well as visitors to the community; and promoted a tobacco free-environments message at the Franklin County 4-H Fair which draws crowds from out of town as well as the annual Family Fun Day.

**End of Year 2 Update:**

- 1.

**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

- 1.

**A. Problem Statement #3:** There continues to be a need for additional treatment services and ongoing awareness of available treatment options and effectiveness of the treatment options in the community.

**B. Supportive Data:**

1. Safe Passage served 27 clients from Franklin County. As in 2014, Safe Passage is no longer administering the SASSI but rely on self-reporting. There were 4 individuals who reported being in recovery while using Safe Passage services, 2 that were suspected of using but denied, and one active user who refused any treatment support. Safe Passage continues to provide every possible support including transportation to NA/AA meetings and treatment services.
2. Through One Community One Family and United Families one on one peer support was provided to 7 Franklin County families in 2015. Parent Gatherings continue to occur monthly in Franklin County, to address topics of interest to those caretakers attending.
3. Through One Community One Family and the evidence based parenting program, Incredible Years has been offered in Franklin County in 2015. 54 adults and 12 children participated. The program focuses upon improving the parenting skills of caregivers of children birth to 6 years old.
4. Community Mental Health Center has one Resource Facilitator providing Wraparound to 13 kids in Franklin County. These staff continues to provide Wraparound with high fidelity to the model. Additionally, one TIP (Transition to Independence Process) facilitator provided services to 6 Franklin County clients.
5. According to Community Mental Health Center Administration, there is a need for additional treatment services however, transportation continues to be a barrier to access the existing treatment options available in the community.
6. In 2015, 327 total youth and their families were served by Community Mental Health Center in Franklin County North Intensive Youth Services Program (ages 18 and under), of the 327 youth, those who participated in Intensive Family Based services were, (137 youth), in Wrap Around Services (23 youth), CMHI Services (4 youth), MFP Services, (2 youth), 725 clients were served in Outpatient Services, 74 clients were treated for substance abuse related issues, 161 were served in Youth Outpatient (ages 18 and under) in Franklin County through Intensive Youth Services provided by Community Mental Health Center.
7. In 2015, Community Mental Health Center served 74 clients with substance use and abuse related issues, a total of 59 clients participated in Substance Abuse Groups with 32 completing the program and received a Graduation Certificate. CMHC is offering a new free class, Challenge to Change, for anyone with substance use disorders in the Brookville Office on Wednesday evening from 5:00pm to 6:00pm.
8. The current number of indicators for treatment and recovery services being offered in Franklin County has grown to 14 including One Community One Family (United Peer Support, FIRE Support, Wraparound Support, Incredible Years); School-Based Services; Individual and Group Outpatient; Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous in the community and in the Franklin County Security Center; Substance Abuse Support Group for only parents involved with Division of Child Services; a counseling group via helpline; Expanded Substance Abuse Recovery Services in

Franklin County through Community Mental Health Center; community support services being offered at the new Works of Mercy; and a new free self-help peer group for anyone with substance abuse, Challenge to Change, through CMHC.

9. According to the 2014 State Epidemiological Profile, the total number of treatment episodes in Franklin County is 181; the total number of treatment episodes with polysubstance abuse in Franklin County is 134 with 49 for 2 substances and 85 for 3 or more substances for a total of 74.0% of treatment episodes for polysubstance abuse. The combination of drugs used among polysubstance abusers in substance abuse treatment include alcohol/marijuana, alcohol/other drug, alcohol/opiates-synthetics, heroin/opiates-synthetics, alcohol/marijuana/opiates-synthetics.

### End of Year 1 Update:

1. Although Safe Passage no longer formally tracks substance abuse numbers with their clients, anecdotally there has been an increase in the number of clients dealing with addiction issues that has negatively impacted their sustainable success as several clients in recovery have relapsed. The lack of readily available treatment options is a contributing factor to the relapse.
2. Through One Community One Family and United Families one on one peer support was provided to 5 Franklin County families in 2015. Parent Gatherings continue to occur monthly in Franklin County, to address topics of interest to those caretakers attending.
3. Through One Community One Family and the evidence based parenting program, Incredible Years, there were 3 Parent Cafes that had a total of 15 adults who participated in 2016. The program focuses upon improving the parenting skills of caregivers of children birth to 6 years old.
4. Community Mental Health Center has one Resource Facilitator providing Wraparound to 12 kids in Franklin County per state limitation requirements. These staff continue to provide wraparound with high fidelity to the model.
5. According to Community Mental Health Center Administration, there is need for additional treatment services however, transportation continues to be a barrier to access the existing treatment options available in the community.
6. In 2016, 193 total youth and their families were served by CMHC in Franklin County North Intensive Youth Services Program (ages 18 and under). Of the 193 youth, those who participated in Intensive Family Based services were, (112 youth), 54 were School based, 18 youth in Wraparound services, and 5 families in CMHCI services; 468 clients were served in Outpatient services, 85 clients were treated for substance abuse related issues, and 216 were served in Youth Outpatient (ages 18 and under) in Franklin County through Intensive Youth Services provided by Community Mental Health Center.
7. In 2016, CMHC served 85 clients with substance use and 86 clients participated in Substance Abuse Groups with 28 completing the program with a Graduation Certificate. Community Mental Health is offering a new evidence based curriculum Cognitive Behavioral Intervention (CBI) as their treatment guidelines during individual and group treatment. There are a total of 3 substance abuse groups offered at the agency.
8. The current number of indicators for treatment and recovery services being offered in Franklin County is 14 including One Community One Family (United Peer Support,



Wraparound Support, Incredible Years); School-Based Services; Individual and Group Outpatient; Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous in the community and in the Franklin County Security Center; Substance Abuse Support Group for only parents involved with Division of Child Services; a counseling group via helpline; Expanded Substance Abuse Recovery Services in Franklin County through Community Mental Health Center; community support services being offered at the new Works of Mercy; and a new free self-help peer group for anyone with substance abuse, Challenge to Change, through CMHC.

9. According to the 2015 State Epidemiological Profile, the total number of treatment episodes in Franklin County is 145; the total number of treatment episodes with polysubstance abuse in Franklin County is 101 with 33 for 2 substances and 68 for 3 or more substances for a total of 69.70% of treatment episodes for polysubstance abuse. The combination of drugs used among polysubstance abusers in substance abuse treatment include Alcohol/Marijuana/ Opiates-Synthetics, Alcohol/Marijuana/Other Drug, and Heroin/Opiates-Synthetics.

#### End of Year 2 Update:

- 1.

#### Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.

#### C. Goals:

1. **Provide education at least 4 times throughout each calendar year on available treatment options and resources to community members.**
2. **Continue to see an increase in the number of people receiving treatment services in Franklin County.**

#### End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous Meetings were printed in the Batesville newspaper at least once a month. Addiction Recovery Resource pamphlets with available local treatment options were revised, printed and distributed to member agencies and LCC members in addition to the distribution of resource cards. The LCC hosts a Youth Worker Café once a quarter to the community on appropriate topics of interest. The LCC always uses this as an opportunity to share resources.
2. The number of clients receiving treatment services in Franklin County through One Community One Family, Intensive Family Based, and Substance Use Disorder Group in 2016 is 522.

#### End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1.

#### Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.

**D. Objectives:**

1. Continue to collaborate and partner with treatment providers.
2. Provide education to those inmates in the local jail about substance abuse and treatment options.
3. Support the existing and effective self-help programs.
4. Raise awareness of the impact of substance abuse in family, occupation, public safety, and general quality of life arenas.
5. Continue supporting law enforcement efforts to reduce the collateral damage and pervasive effects of substance abuse.
6. Develop strategies to support treatment and recovery in the community.
7. Continue to support early identification and intervention efforts.
8. Coordinate efforts with public transit to provide transportation for treatment opportunities.
9. Continue efforts to support treatment recovery efforts with the judicial system.
10. Promote services and support to co-dependents.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. The LCC provides funding to One Community One Family for United Families to provide support, mentor, and educate families through parent gatherings. The LCC provides funding to Franklin County Community School Corporation for STARS Support to At-Risk Students Program to provide services including individualized therapy, education and wraparound supports to assist in building resiliency and skills to overcome barriers including substance abuse. The LCC continues to support Alcoholics Anonymous and continues to collaborate with law enforcement and the Brookville United Methodist Church to provide Narcotics Anonymous in this county. The LCC continues to educate the general population about the treatment options available through the Indiana Quitline during Fair Week, Great American Smokeout, National Recovery Month, Kick Butts Day, and the Addiction Recovery Resource Guide. Through all of these coordinated efforts, available treatment options are being provided to the community through various sources.
2. The Franklin County Security Center continues to offer Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous weekly in the jail to both the male and female inmates.
3. The LCC advertises in the local newspapers of the Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous meetings including the meeting held at the Brookville United Methodist Church. The LCC distributes the newly revised Addiction Recovery Resource Guide of the available local treatment options, as well as the prescription drug drop box postcards. The Indiana Quitline is also promoted by the LCC through social media outlets and advertising.
4. National Recovery Month was promoted via press releases, advertisements, and social media outlets raising awareness that recovery can and does happen. A tailgate safe and sober theme was supported with the youth making posters urging a positive message of Too Smart to Start; and a recovery event was held during the football game; the Indiana Quitline was promoted to raise the awareness of all of the health hazards of smoking and provide support to quit; Red Ribbon Week stipends provided through the partnership with Margaret Mary Health to the schools to create their own week long

prevention messages; and there is regular discussion at the LCC meetings about the most recent drug trends.

5. The LCC provided funding to the Franklin County Sheriff's Department for increased and targeted patrol efforts as well as drug investigations. The LCC supports the Franklin County Drug Task Force and their efforts which include press releases and post cards of the permanent prescription drug drop box. In partnership with the Brookville Police Department and Margaret Mary Health, the LCC held a prescription drug drop Drive Thru Take Back Day.
6. The LCC is continuing to develop strategies to bring more awareness during National Recovery Month to reduce the stigma of addiction; the advertisements of the Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous in the local newspapers; the distribution of the Addiction Recovery Resource pamphlets with available treatment options as well as the resource cards; the funding to support United Families and the STARS program; and the partnership with Margaret Mary Health to distribute and make available the free family drug test kits.
7. The LCC provided funding to One Community One Family to support the emotional and behavioral challenged youth and families; the LCC provided funding to the Franklin County Community School Corporation for the STARS program at Laurel School; Community Mental Health Center has begun a new practice of open access which includes an initial assessment followed by a recommendation for treatment.
8. Through the partnership with the LCC, Community Mental Health Center contacted public transit to support recovery works with a voucher by the state to cover transportation costs. Discussions are ongoing, however, preliminary findings indicate that public transit is only serving the traditional Medicaid, not the new HIP guidelines.
9. The LCC continues to support the treatment recovery efforts through the Franklin County Security Center including Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous; and the LCC supports the treatment referrals from the court to a treatment provider.
10. United Families continues to provide a support/educational group for parents/family members of children with emotional or behavioral challenges in Brookville on a monthly basis. The LCC promotes two new programs that are providing services to families and co-dependents including Better Options and Celebrate Recovery. Community Mental Health Center is beginning a Cognitive Behavioral Intervention program that provides Vivitrol shots as well as in the pill form.

### **End of Year 2 Update:**

- 1.

### **Final Update (end of Year 3):**

- 1.

**A. Problem Statement #4:** There continues to be illegal drug use indicators in the community.

**B. Supportive Data:**

1. During the 2014-2015 school year, Franklin County High School expelled 4 students for drugs and 1 student for alcohol. During the 2014-2015 school year, Batesville High School expelled two students for alcohol and/or drugs.
2. According to the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation, all grades 6 through 12, except 12th (19.1%; state: 18.8%) reported using marijuana in the last 30 days higher than that of the state average.
3. According to the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, all grades 7 through 12 reported using over-the-counter drugs in the last 30 days less than that of the state average. (6th Grade is no longer surveyed on OTC drugs).
4. According to the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, the reported average age of first use of over-the-counter drugs was 12.7. (Does not include 6th grade).
5. According to the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, students in 9th grade (1.0%; state: 0.4%) and 10th grade (1.1%; state: 0.5%) reported using Methamphetamines in the last 30 days higher than the state average; the other grades reported at or below the state average.
6. According to the 2015 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, 30.6 % of 12<sup>th</sup> grade students reported using e-cigs in the last 30 days. This is the first year for this question on the survey.
7. According to the Franklin County Coroner in 2015 there were six (6) deaths due to overdose. Specifically, 1 Methadone Poisoning; 1 Acute Combined Fentanyl & Gabapentin Poisoning; 1 Acute Toxicity of Heroin; 1 Acute Heroin, Fentanyl & Diazepam Intoxication; 1 Overdose of Heroin with Alprazolam, Amphetamine and Methamphetamine also present; 1 overdose is awaiting final results pending additional toxicology; and 1 death where, although not the cause of death, multidrug intoxication was a contributing factor of death.
8. According to the Franklin County Sheriff's Department, there were 120 arrests made for Possession of Methamphetamine during 2015 which is a 3,900% increase from 2014.
9. According to the Indiana State Police Meth Suppression Section, Franklin County had 6 meth labs seized in 2015. This is an increase of one more than in 2014.
10. The Franklin County Drug Task Force continued to work closely with other agencies to coordinate efforts in drug related investigations. The Franklin County Drug Task Force collaborated with local, regional and state law enforcement agencies to make multiple arrests for numerous burglaries in the county.
11. In 2015 there were 53 arrests for Possession of Controlled Substance which is a 307% increase from 2014; and 66 arrests for Possession of a Legend Drug which is a 1,550%

increase from 2014 by law enforcement as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department.

12. According to the Franklin County Sheriff there were a total of 638 individuals booked into the Franklin County Security Center during 2015. This is an increase of 19 inmates compared to 2014. There were 483 male inmates (76%) and 155 female inmates (24%) with an average daily population of 35.28 (28.62 for males and 6.66 for females) inmates. The top five charges were Warrants, Driving Under the Influence, Possession of Marijuana, Possession of Paraphernalia, and Possession of a Controlled Substance.
13. According to the 2015 SEL3CT Community Survey, heroin was listed 5<sup>th</sup> as the top five problematic substances in Franklin County. Heroin was preceded by alcohol, marijuana, tobacco and prescription drugs.
14. According to the 2015 SEL3CT Community Survey, 65% of Franklin County respondents believe that students keep, use, or sell drugs on school grounds.
15. According to the 2015 SEL3CT Community Survey, 82% of Franklin County respondents chose prevention activities as the most popular strategy for reducing heroin followed by 77% choosing awareness raising activities.

#### **End of Year 1 Update:**

1. During the 2015-2016 school year, Franklin County High School expelled 3 students for drugs and 1 student for alcohol. During the 2015-2016 school year, Batesville High School expelled zero students for alcohol and/or drugs.
2. According to the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation, students reported using marijuana in the last 30 days as follows: 6th: 0%, 7th: .7%, 8th: 3.8%, 9th: 3.6%, 10th: 4.3%, 11th: 7.8% and 12th: 10.5%.
3. According to the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, students reported using over-the-counter drugs in the last 30 days as follows: 7th: 1.4%, 8th: 2.3%, 9th: .9%, 10th: 0%, 11th: 1.3% and 12th: 1.3% (6th Grade is no longer surveyed on OTC drugs).
4. According to the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, the reported average age of first use of over-the-counter drugs was 12.7. (Does not include 6th grade).
5. According to the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol, Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken at Batesville Community School Corporation, students reported using Methamphetamines in the last 30 days as follows: 7th: 0%, 8th: 0%, 9th: 0%, 10th: 0%, 11th: 0% and 12th: 0% (Does not include 6th grade).
6. According to the 2016 Indiana Prevention Resource Center Alcohol Tobacco and Other Drugs Survey taken by Batesville Community School Corporation, students reported using e-cigs in the last 30 days as follows: 7th: 6.8%, 8th: 9.1%, 9th: 9.9%, 10th: 12.9%, 11th: 10.5% and 12th: 16% (Does not include 6th grade).
7. According to the Franklin County Coroner in 2016 there were six (6) deaths due to overdose. Specifically, 1 for combined toxic effects of methadone and alprazolam; 1 for acute intoxication of 1,1 difluoroethane, alprazolam and diazepam; 1 for combined toxic effects of ethanol, fentanyl and oxycodone; 1 for acute heroin intoxication; 1 for toxic effects of hydromorphone; and 1 for acute combined oxycodone, hydrocodone,

alprazolam, clonazepam, diazepam and carisoprodol poisoning. In addition, we had one (1) death where, although not the immediate cause, ethyl alcohol intoxication was a contributing factor of death (DUI).

8. According to the Franklin County Sheriff's Department, there were 66 arrests made for Possession of Methamphetamine during 2016 which is a 55% decrease from 2015.
9. As of February, 2017 the Indiana State Police Meth Suppression Section had not released the 2016 data for the number of meth labs seized in Franklin County.
10. The Franklin County Drug Task Force continues to work closely with other agencies to coordinate efforts in drug related investigations. The Franklin County Drug Task Force collaborates with local, regional and state law enforcement agencies to make multiple arrests in the county.
11. In 2016 there were 26 arrests for Possession of Controlled Substance which is 27 arrests less than in 2015; and 36 arrests for Possession of a Legend Drug which is 30 arrests less than in 2015 by law enforcement as reported by the Franklin County Sheriff's Department.
12. According to the Franklin County Sheriff there were a total of 669 individuals booked into the Franklin County Security Center during 2016. This is an increase of 31 inmates compared to 2015. There were 506 male inmates (75.6%) and 163 female inmates (24.4%). Of the 669 individuals booked into the Security Center, 496 (74.2%) were arrested by Franklin County Sheriff's Deputies. The remaining 173 (25.8%) were arrested by the other eight law enforcement agencies who work in Franklin County. There was an average daily population of 49 inmates throughout 2016, as compared to the average daily population of 36 inmates throughout 2015. The maximum capacity of the Security Center is 75 inmates. The top five charges: were Operating a Vehicle While Intoxicated (130), Possession of Paraphernalia (92), Possession of Marijuana (81), Possession of a Controlled Substance (67), and Battery/Domestic Battery (65).
13. According to the 2015 SEL3CT Community Survey, heroin was listed 5<sup>th</sup> as the top five problematic substances in Franklin County. Heroin was preceded by alcohol, marijuana, tobacco and prescription drugs. No SEL3CT surveys were conducted in 2016, so there is no new data to report.
14. According to the 2015 SEL3CT Community Survey, 65% of Franklin County respondents believe that students keep, use, or sell drugs on school grounds. No SEL3CT surveys were conducted in 2016, so there is no new data to report.
15. According to the 2015 SEL3CT Community Survey, 82% of Franklin County respondents chose prevention activities as the most popular strategy for reducing heroin followed by 77% choosing awareness raising activities. No SEL3CT surveys were conducted in 2016, so there is no new data to report.

### End of Year 2 Update:

- 1.

### Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.

### C. Goals:

1. Market the permanent prescription drug drop boxes quarterly to reduce access of prescription drugs.
2. Reduce 1 expulsion per year for substance abuse at Franklin County High School.
3. Reduce the number of deaths related to drug over dose.

**End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:**

1. The permanent prescription drug drop box is still located in the lobby of the Franklin County Security Center. In addition, the LCC partnered with Margaret Mary Health who created and are continuing to provide prescription drug drop box postcards with locations of where to drop off unused and unwanted prescription medications including their new location at the hospital. These postcards are being distributed at the two local pharmacies and at appropriate community events.
2. The number of expulsions for substance abuse at Franklin County High School decreased by 1 from the 2014-2015 to the 2015-2016 school year for a total of 4 for drugs and alcohol.
3. The number of deaths due to drug overdose in 2016 was 6, the same as in 2015.

**End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:**

- 1.

**Final Report (end of Year 3):**

- 1.

**D. Objectives:**

1. Continue to support investigations and seizures by state, regional and local law enforcement agencies.
2. Collaborate with local media on a regular basis to list all upcoming drug-free activities.
3. Continue assessment of drug trend indicators.
4. Develop other community-based strategies to address drug trend indicators.
5. Continue supporting educational opportunities for LCC members and staff as well as other community members interested in emerging drug trend issues and related problems.
6. Continue to implement national, state and local substance abuse strategies.
7. Collaborate with law enforcement to educate the community and professionals on how to protect their homes and personal property against residential entries and theft.
8. Coordinate efforts to raise awareness of drug trends to ultimately reduce usage.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. Through funding provided by the LCC to the Franklin County Sheriff's Department, they have collaborated with other state, regional and local law enforcement agencies on drug investigations.
2. The LCC partners with Whitewater Publications, WRBI Radio, Franklin County Observer, the Batesville Herald Tribune, Whitewater Valley Guide, Connersville News

Examiner and the Gad-A-Bout. The LCC will continue to collaborate with media outlets including the Franklin County Chamber of Commerce, PreventionFIRST!, One Community One Family, SIEOC, and the Franklin County Public Library. The LCC continues to utilize the schools, daycares, community organizations/agencies and businesses to promote upcoming drug-free activities through flyers and announcements. The LCC also posts messages to their Facebook page and website.

3. During the LCC monthly meetings, the drug trends continue to be discussed as the members want to keep their pulse on what is happening in the community.
4. As a community-based strategy to address drug trend indicators, the LCC members do assessments in their own environments as to what they are seeing in their communities or in the communities they serve. Because of the relationship the LCC has with law enforcement, members feel free to share their findings in the meetings. The LCC has partnered with Margaret Mary Health to provide a Prescription Drug Drop Box postcards to the pharmacies to raise awareness of how to dispose of unused and unwanted prescription drugs, in addition to Margaret Mary Health providing their own drop box in the hospital. The LCC has joined surrounding counties in an initiative to assess regional drug trends and develop strategies to address the substance abuse, as well as continue to address new strategies at the LCC meeting. The Brookville Town Council implemented a policy that all town parks are now tobacco and vape free.
5. The LCC staff and members were provided educational opportunities through participation at the PreventionFIRST! Coalition Academy, the PreventionFIRST! Spring Membership Meeting, the PreventionFIRST! Annual Lunch, Youth Worker Cafes, PreventionFIRST! Annual Retreat, the LCC Annual Retreat, the LCC Town Hall Meeting; and the Coalition for a Drug-Free Batesville Coalition Celebration, Annual Retreat, and Critical Issues Series.
6. The LCC implemented the Parents Who Host, Lose the Most campaign and the Indiana Quitline. The LCC will continue to implement national, state, and local drug prevention strategies.
7. Law Enforcement provides information at various events including Family Fun Day, National Night Out, public educational events and occasionally public service announcements with monthly release to the media. In addition, the LCC offered strategies on securing prescription drugs during community venues.
8. Efforts to raise awareness of drug trends to ultimately reduce usage was presented at the LCC Open House when the impact of methamphetamine on a community was addressed. Discussion at every LCC meeting also includes raising awareness of the latest drug trends so the members can be educated on ways to reduce usage.

#### **End of Year 2 Update:**

- 1.

#### **Final Update (end of Year 3):**

- 1.



***Please attach the County’s Fiscal Report for review!***

**Next Annual Update Due: February 2018**

**Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: February 2019**

**Date of Community Consultant Review: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Disclaimer:**

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

**Terms and Conditions:**

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

**Initials: mkb**